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Across

- **3.** 24 nm, wide enough to be used for transport (microtubules)
- 6. moves cargo and information through the cell (proteins)
- 8. links to amino acids in protein synthesis (ribosome)
- 12. protects the body from infections (leukocytes)
- 13. 10 nm, made up of protein (intermediate filaments)
- 14. carries oxygen from our lungs to the rest of the body (erythrocytes)
- 17. free floating organelle that converts food to energy (mitochondria)

Down

- 1.7 nm, thinnest strands (microfilaments)
- stops the loss of blood at a tear in a blood vessel (thrombocytes)
- 4. made of a network of three adjustable strands, makes the shape of the cell (cytoskeleton)
- 5. fluid or air filled sac in the cell (vesicle)
- 7. simple sugar, C6-H12-O6 (glucose)
- 9. moved by ATP molecules, goes to nucleus (kinesin)
- 10. consists of lipid bi-layers and proteins, allows water, oxygen, and waste to pass through it (cell membrane)
- 11. type of Leukocytes, becomes a macrophage that destroys viruses (monocytes)
- **15.** section of DNA that is copied, contains single ingredient for protein synthesis (**rna**)
- **16.** carries genetic code, contains instructions for protein synthesis (**dna**)